Pennsylvania Department of Education Division of Federal Programs

333 Market Street, Harrisburg, PA 17126-0333



Pennsylvania Comprehensive Literacy Local Literacy Needs Assessment

Updated December 2014

Local Literacy Needs Assessment: Purpose and Background

In 2012, the Keystones to Opportunity Grant awarded significant dollars to LEAs to address their gaps in literacy in the Birth-Grade 12 continuum. To ensure that funds were being allocated in areas that will address the greatest need, all applicants were required to complete a Local Literacy Needs Assessment. This document calls for districts to establish a Literacy Planning Team with representation from each of the statutory areas (Birth – Age 5, Elementary, Middle, and High school). After completing the Needs Assessment individually, the planning team will convene to discuss findings and establish consensus on the areas of strength and areas of need. This in-depth analysis will provide districts with the information needed to identify specific needs within a component or a statutory area, or identify any needs existing across the continuum. Results may show a consistent need in a single statutory area (ex: High School) or a consistent need within a component spanning across all areas (ex: Transition). These findings will allow the district to identify priority areas for growth and intervention, when writing or revisiting their Local Comprehensive Literacy Plan.

This document can be completed electronically and resaved as a PDF.



Pennsylvania Department of Education, Division of Federal Programs Pennsylvania Comprehensive Local Literacy Needs Assessment



Directions: The following tool was designed to be completed by an LEA Literacy Planning Team. Districts are encouraged to have each team member complete the assessment individually prior to meeting as a group. During the group meeting, each team member is encouraged to share his/her perspective in an effort to help the group reach consensus on each item. If a group is unable to reach consensus on a particular item, this may indicate that the strategies and actions are "emerging" but not in place consistently.

LEA Name, Address		
Partner Agencies Names, Addresses, Phone, Emil		
Contact Person for LEA		
Name, Email, Phone		
Members of Planning		
Team		
Name, Title, Role, Email		
Address		

Procedural Data Literacy Needs Assessment

		В	irth –	- Age	5	E	leme	entar	у		Mic	ddle			Hi	gh	
Components of the Pennsylvania Comprehensive Literacy Needs Assessment	Strategies and Actions Recommended to Support Implementation of the District-Level Framework	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)
	(A) The district's written curriculum for Literacy – Birth-Grade 12 - is aligned Core Standards for English Language Arts (ELA) (K-12) and with the ELA A and content are articulated by grade level and provide the basis to enablish century" (CCSS, p. 3). Rationale: A "guaranteed and viable curriculum" is considered the composite the composite to the composite t	ssess le all	smen stude	t And ents t	chors to gai	and E n the	ligibl nece	e Cor ssary	skills	(Grad	des 3 "liter	-8 and	d 11) ersor	. Ess	entia ne tw	l goal	ls
	1. The Pennsylvania Core Standards for ELA, the Pennsylvania Early	В	irth -	- Age	5	E	leme	entar	у		Mic	ldle			Hi	gh	
	Learning Standards, and the Pennsylvania Comprehensive Literacy Plan (PaCLP) are the foundation of the district's written curriculum. This curriculum explicitly states what students need to know and be able to do at each grade level.																
I. Standards	2. The district uses a common framework (birth to grade 12) to instruct and assess literacy ensuring a consistent approach across subject areas and age/grade levels.																
and <u>Curriculum</u>	3. The district implements with fidelity a research-based core literacy curriculum to ensure students meet the Standards.																
	4. Reading, writing, speaking and listening are systematically integrated throughout the day in all subject areas																
	Students are provided with exemplary writing samples, assessment rubrics, real-world writing tasks, writing in response to reading and oral and written feedback.																
	 The district uses a common framework and rubrics to instruct and assess writing ensuring a consistent approach across subject areas and grade levels. 																
	7. The written curriculum addresses all students.																
	8. All students have access to a rigorous, standards aligned curriculum.																

Enter the corresponding numerical score for each of the statutory areas in the above scoring fields. Total will automatically calculate at the end of each component.

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		Score		/2	24			/2	4			/2	24			/2	.4	
Evid	dence and Notes																	
Priority Areas	for Needed Improvement																	
			В	irth -	- Age	5	E	leme	ntary	/		Mic	ldle			Hi	gh	
			Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)
II. <u>Assessment</u>	ongoing improvement of student i	les and empowers school improvement reading skills.									ractio			ntial f	or mo			
		ninistrators in the use of literacy It o develop follow-up plans to adjust	В	irth –	- Age	5	E	leme	ntary	y		Mic	ddle			Hi	gh	
	 A district-wide literacy assessmincluding purposes, measures that and targeted students at each A district-level database is estated. 	to be used, schedules, procedures, grade level in every school.																
		marize school-level and student-level																

(B) The district selects literacy assessment measures that are valid and reinstruction (phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, compre				-								ts of I	iterac	СУ	
Selected assessment measures have strong evidence of validity and		irth -				menta		8-, -	Mic		,-		Hig	gh	
reliability. These measures are used on an established schedule to screen, diagnose, monitor, and determine literacy outcomes of Pre K-12 students district-wide.															
 Selected measures provide information on the essential elements of literacy instruction appropriate for each level or grade span and are explicitly linked to district and state literacy goals. Duplication of assessment measures is avoided. 															
(C) The district has developed capacity to gather and use data.															
1. The district has identified a data specialist to oversee the collection,	В	irth –	- Age	5	Ele	menta	ry		Mic	ldle			Hig	gh	
validation and storage of student achievement data, provide special assessment training to staff, work with staff in the analysis of data, prepare timely reports, and identify district/school trends.															
 2. A pool of competent trainers is established and maintained who are available locally to a) Train district staff on data collection and interpretation (e.g., PSSA, Keystone Exams, PVAAS, DIBELS Next, School Performance Profile, eMetric) b) Provide a comprehensive initial training on data collection to all new staff members c) Provide quarterly follow-up and retooling trainings as needed d) Conduct brief reliability checks to ensure that the data collected are reliable for all data collectors. 															
3. Ongoing training and support is provided to all staff who teach or supervise literacy programs in the following areas: a) Assessments used by the district b) Data analysis c) Data Interpretation d) Data utilization															
4. At least one individual per school is designated to become the expert on specific literacy measures used at that school. Ongoing training and support is provided for this role.															

(D) Assessments are administered in a timely manner and with standardized procedu

Rationale: Assessments should be administered early and (for repeated measures) with sufficient frequency to detect lack of progress and thereby avoid loss of valuable instructional time. Because data are used for comparison purposes, it is essential that assessment measures be standardized.

1. Assessments are given in a standardized manner across students,		irth -	Age	5	E	leme	ntar	у	Mic	ldle		Hi	gh	
classes, and schools.														
2. A district-wide assessment calendar is established that specifies														
testing windows for each measure that is a part of the district														
assessment plan. (Please attach district assessment calendar)														
3. Screening/diagnostic measures are administered or records are														
reviewed district-wide very early in the year to identify students who														
may need additional instructional support. Move-in students are														
assessed shortly (within 5 school days) after their arrival and placed														
into instructional groups.														

(E) Formative and summative evaluations are incorporated at all grade spans.

Rationale: Formative assessments are essential to ensure that each student is making adequate progress. Summative (outcome) assessments are critical to know if students have met benchmarks (or targets) and to know if programs are effective. Both allow for important changes to be made in a timely manner if desired results are not being attained.

1. Support for a district-wide formative assessment process is provided	Bi	rth -	- Age	5	E	leme	entar	y	Mic	ddle		Hi	gh	
at each level. Necessary resources are dedicated to ensure each school has a viable plan for collecting ongoing progress monitoring data on students receiving interventions. District recommendations are established regarding the frequency of data collection for students at risk of reading difficulties.														
2. A valid assessment for grades Pre K-3 is adopted to allow for evaluation of the early literacy program.														

	1. Districts support schools by ens	uring that teachers are provided the	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High
	time needed to conduct regula a) Review results of literacy pongoing basis (e.g., every 2-4 benchmark levels and 3-5 tin benchmark level). b) Make necessary adjustme indicated by the data. Period summits are scheduled (part	rly scheduled data meetings to: performance assessments on an weeks for students below				
	Based on the review of data, di participate in literacy team med assist with systems-level proble professional development need	etings at the school level in order to em solving and identify possible				
		Score	/48	/48	/48	/48
Evid	dence and Notes					
Priority Areas	for Needed Improvement					

		В	irth -	- Age	5	E	leme	ntary	,		Mid	ldle			Hig	gh	
		Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)
	(A) Literacy instruction is explicitly organized on a grade-appropriate bas phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension, receptive and expressive I Rationale: These elements of literacy are the building blocks to becoming their reading ability.	angu	age, a	and w	riting/	ζ.				•							ф
III. <u>Instruction</u>	The district has established an instructional model that addresses all of the essential elements including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension, receptive and expressive language, and writing.	В	irth -	- Age	5	E	Eleme	ntary			Mid	ldle			Hig	gh	
	(B) School administrators are strong instructional leaders and ongoing sure Rationale: Principals have the authority and direct accountability to assure position should be structured to assure that each school has a strong lead reading program for all students.	that	effe	ctive	practi	ces a	re imp	oleme					g. The	e prir	ncipal	's	
	School administrators are supported in conducting regularly- scheduled instructional walk-throughs to ensure that effective	В	irth -	- Age	5	E	leme	ntary			Mid	ldle			Hig	gh	
	instruction is being provided to all students and programs are being implemented with fidelity.																
	School administrators' efforts to provide instructional leadership in literacy are supported by scheduling administrative meetings at times other than during literacy instruction.																
	 School administrators are assisted in (a) providing structure and support for grade level and school level literacy team meetings and (b) participating in them directly or indirectly through briefings following the meetings. 																

(C) The district provides sufficient instructional time in literacy for all students to learn.

Rationale: Learning new, complex, and highly important skills takes more time than once thought and takes some students longer than others. District support of principals and teachers giving individual students the time and instruction they need to learn helps ensure student success.

A suggested minimum amount of literacy instruction is provided to all students as follows:	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High
a) Birth – 5 age appropriate literacy immersion b) Grades K-3: 120-150 minute literacy block daily c) Grades 4-5: 90-120 minute literacy block daily and literacy- connected learning across the instructional areas d) Grades 6-8: 40-60 minutes daily dedicated specifically to a reading/writing class for all students (as data dictates) in addition to the literacy connected instruction and practice that takes place across the instructional areas e) Grades 9-12: 2-4 hours of literacy-connected instruction and practice that takes place across the instructional areas. f) School board policy has been considered to ensure that the need for sufficient instructional time in literacy is met.				
2. Necessary funding and personnel are secured to support small group, teacher-directed literacy instruction for a portion of daily literacy instruction for K-3 students.				
3. Small group, teacher-directed intensive literacy intervention is provided beyond the core literacy block for all K-5 students across the district that are reading below grade level.				
Each student in middle and high school with below grade-level literacy skills is provided with at least an additional period of literacy instruction support every day.				
5. Beyond providing additional instructional time during the school day, intensive after-school and/or summer school intervention programs are considered for students reading below grade level based on their assessment information.				

use technology as part of the instructional tool set for reading. To date, technology in reading instruction.) (See http://ies.ed.gov/ncee/pubs/20 Rationale: District support of both evidence-based instructional materials instructional goals.	094041/index.asp a	nd http://ies.ed.gov	/ncee/pubs/200740	005/index.asp.)
 Formal district policies and procedures are established that result in the adoption of evidence-based instructional programs that align with and support state standards and the district's written curriculum. 	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High
The district has adopted district-wide, scientifically-based core literacy materials for Pre-K through Grade 5 (6).				
3. Effective evidence-based supplemental and intervention programs are adopted for use with students needing additional instruction beyond the core literacy program.				
4. When more than one type of LITERACY program is being used with individual students within the district (e.g., core and intervention programs), these programs are aligned with each other.				
Teachers across the district use adopted evidence-based programs and materials with consistency and fidelity.				
(E) All federal programs that provide literacy support are aligned with go Rationale: Without alignment of goals and resources across various programs maximizes funding and leverages effective instruction for all studies.	ams, efforts may be		limited. Alignment	of all district reading
1. Across the district, federal programs that provide literacy support	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High
(e.g., Special Education, ELL, Title I) are aligned with general education literacy instruction in order to provide consistent reading instruction for students at risk in learning to read.				
2. All students have access to the district's core literacy curriculum				
(F) Students are provided differentiated reading instruction based upon Rationale: Assessment data provides an objective basis for placing studen equitable placement, district support of the use of assessment data first, students are over-or under-represented at any level of instruction.	ts at instructional lev	els and in flexible in:		
A set of data-based decision protocols is used consistently across the district which guides student placement into differentiated intervention and enrichment reading programs and materials.	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High

(D) Evidence-based instructional materials and practices are adopted for core, supplemental, and intervention reading programs. (Note: Many schools

	(G) Effective teacher delivery of	robust reading instruction is promoted a	cross	the	distri	ict.												
		uilding administrators to ensure that e incorporating effective delivery of	В	irth –	- Age	5	E	leme	entar	У		Mi	ddle			Hi	gh	
		Score		/5	54			/!	54			/	54			/5	54	
	for Needed Improvement																	
			В	irth –	- Age	5	E	leme	entar	у		Mi	ddle	.		Hi	gh	
			Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)
	(A) The most strategic and productive use of professional learning resources are provided and aligned with Pennsylvania Educational Initiatives (IDEA, Title I, Title III, etc.) Rationale: Districts should utilize all opportunities to achieve maximum impact from professional development opportunities and resources.																	
IV. Professional Learning and Practice	ensure a cohesive plan that ac	e aligned to leverage resources and dresses the needs of all learners (i.e. ment is sustained and focused across	В	irth -	- Age	5	ı	Eleme	entar	у		Mi	ddle			Hi	gh	

2. District professional learning time (e.g., staff development days, late	В	irth -	Age	5	Ele	emen	itary		Mic	ddle		Hi	gh	
starts, early dismissals) is utilized strategically by focusing on content that will result in meeting district literacy goals and by sustaining that focus over time.														
(B) Professional learning meets standards for effective professional learn	ning.				_	_		_						
1. All professional learning reflects the characteristics of effective	В	irth -	Age	5	Ele	emen	itary		Mic	ddle		Hi	gh	
professional learning programs. Professional development is a) Focused on goals from the Local Comprehensive Literacy Plan and guided by assessment data b) Ongoing c) Engaging and interactive d) Collaborative (including Professional Learning Communities) e) Job-embedded. 2. Application of the content to classroom instruction is stressed. Impact of professional learning on student and teacher learning is measured. Coaching, instructional supervision, ongoing teacher collaboration, peer coaching, and related strategies are used for this purpose.														
(C) Differentiated professional learning is provided for all staff that teach Rationale: Although most literacy professional learning focuses on teache content teachers, administrators, specialists, educational assistants, volur a well-prepared and supported staff to maximize their chances to learn an	r prep	arati , and	on, d anyc	istrict	s shoul		-		-	-		_		ed
1. Initial and ongoing in-class professional learning is provided specific	В	irth –	- Age	5	Ele	emen	itary		Mic	ldle		Hi	gh	
to the literacy programs school personnel will be teaching: a) Before the start of the year, teachers new to a building receive detailed preparation in the school's literacy model, literacy assessments, and how to implement the materials they will be using. b) Periodically (at least once a year), returning teachers receive follow up guidance to enhance implementation of the core, supplemental, and intervention materials. c) Instructional specialists (Title I, special education, ELL and Gifted Education specialists) are included in literacy professional learning that classroom teachers receive.														

	•	uilding-level professional learning materials and assessments. Scheduling	Birth –	Age 5	Eler	nentary	N	liddle	High
	conflicts with district leadersh dates. Additional professional	ip meetings are avoided on these learning is provided for principals on s at regular sessions throughout the							
	District staff are provided opportunity the areas of parent involvements.	ortunities for professional learning in nt/engagement.							
		th opportunities to collaborate, study, monstration sites, and make plans to							
	instructional assistants who su	learning plan and support system for apport literacy groups is developed ance on instructional materials they							
	development and ongoing in-	legrating literacy across the lle and high school levels. Professional class support necessary to make this subject-specific comprehension and							
		Score	/3	0		/30		/30	/30
Evi	idence and Notes								
Priority Area	s for Needed Improvement								

		Birth – Age 5 Elem			leme	ntar	y		Mic	ddle			Hi	gh			
		Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)
	(A) Strong literacy leadership is provided at the district level. Rationale: Nothing provides more support for an initiative than champion	ng it	from	the t	op of	the c	organi	izatio	n.								
	Leadership and vision are evident at the district level to ensure that all staff actively support district literacy goals and outcome-based literacy improvement practices drawn from the Local Comprehensive Literacy Plan.	В	irth –	- Age	5	E	leme	entary	/		Mic	ddle			Hig	gh	
V. Literacy Leadership,	Policies, personnel, budgets, training, and other operational resources are used as fiscal and administrative strategies to produce improved outcomes at the district and school levels.																
Goals, Sustainability	3. Programs to recruit, train, and retain future literacy leaders as well as make stronger literacy leaders of those already in leadership positions are developed within the district.																
	4. Principals and other staff are assigned to buildings based on training, experience, knowledge, and skills matched to the data evidence of the instructional needs of students and the support needs of staff in that building.																
	 Literacy is kept "front and center" as a district priority. Positive results are acknowledged and consistently high-performing and high-growth schools are recognized. 																
	6. The district and schools analyze data results to determine root cause of success.																
	7. District leadership consistently asks schools, "How can we (district leaders) support your literacy improvement efforts?"																
	8. Literacy leadership is evident in administration, teachers, staff, parents, and students																

(B) Strong literacy leadership at all levels is supported by strong literacy leadership at the district level. Rationale: School-level leadership supported by district-level leadership drives real instructional improvement.

1. Coordination of literacy goals, assessment, instruction, and	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High
professional development at the school and district levels is emphasized.				
2. If funds are available and/or if the district is large enough, a district-level staff member is assigned as a literacy coordinator. If funds are not available and/or in smaller districts, the function of literacy leadership is distributed to people in other leadership roles; these staff members organize literacy leadership teams at the school or district level having a point person to coordinate efforts.				
 3. The literacy coordinator or district literacy leadership team (Birth-Grade 12) performs the functions of literacy coordination including (a) Meeting regularly using a well-planned agenda and providing meeting notes/minutes in a timely manner. (b) Supporting building principals and reading/intervention specialists (c) Making regular walk-through visits to classrooms to see evidence-based and effective literacy instruction in action (d) Coordinating literacy data collection and analysis (e) Coordinating district-level professional learning and data retreats in literacy. 				
4. If at all possible, district funds are allocated to provide coaching support in each building in the district. More coaching support is provided to the buildings with the greatest numbers of students reading below grade level. If it is not possible to support coaching positions, key coaching functions are assigned within each school and at the district level.				
5. The district provides leadership and regular meetings times for professional learning teams. The focus is on the following questions: a. What do we want students to learn? b. How will we know when they have learned it? c. What will we do when they haven't learned it?				
6. Principals are provided with guidance to give structure and support for these professional learning team meetings that they participate in directly through attendance or indirectly through briefings following the meetings.				

7. Meeting agendas and minutes are distributed and archived.	В	irth -	- Age	5	E	leme	entary	y	Mic	ldle		Hi	gh	
8. Supervision and ongoing support needed for principals to fulfill their roles as instructional leaders are provided by district personnel.														
(C) The district has built capacity from within to support effective literace Rationale: By building capacity to support literacy—distributing capacity a processes. As a result, they increase the likelihood that the literacy program	mong	g staff	f—di		-							nent		
 Capacity is built district-wide by identifying teachers, coaches, and/or district personnel who can serve as trainers of core, supplemental, intervention, and enrichment literacy materials as well as provide 	В	irth -	- Age	5	E	leme	entary	У	Mic	idle		Hi	gh	
training on standardized assessment procedures that teachers are expected to use.														
Instructional coaches are provided with the time, preparation, and continuous support needed to properly fulfill this role.														
3. District uses their local Intermediate Unit to provide literacy professional learning to build district capacity.														
4. District uses their regional PaTTAN consultants to provide professional learning and to build district capacity.														
(D) District and school literacy planning is used to guide literacy improve Rationale: Planning provides direction; actions derived from plans produc			rts.											
1. A comprehensive, coordinated, and sustainable Birth-Grade 12	В	irth -	- Age	5	E	leme	ntar	У	Mic	ldle		Hi	gh	
District Literacy Plan is adopted and incorporated that includes a multi-tiered instructional model for all students.														
2. The District Comprehensive Literacy Plan is developed, disseminated widely, and referenced frequently.														
3. Schools are expected to develop a School Comprehensive Literacy Plan that is aligned with the District Comprehensive Literacy Plan; it is used to guide literacy improvement.														
								1						T

link to learning should be optimized.														
1. Personnel practices are aligned to support literacy goals. Job	В	irth -	- Age	5	E	leme	ntary	1	Mic	ddle		Hig	gh	
descriptions, hiring practices, supervision protocols, and staff evaluation criteria have been developed that articulate the components of literacy leadership.														
 Leadership is developed from within by providing opportunities for future literacy leaders to develop the knowledge, skills, and experience that will allow them to fulfill such roles. 														
3. District (general fund) resources are dedicated to meeting literacy goals. Budgets from multiple programs are blended, as allowed and necessary, to support literacy outcomes (e.g., Titles I, IIB, III, IDEA, SIG, etc.).														
4. Additional resources are systematically sought out at the local, state and federal levels to support district literacy goals.														
(F) A strong literacy culture within the district and its schools is develope Rationale: A literacy culture can be defined as "how we do things here in I pertaining to reading. By shaping these elements to support improved lite 1. External stakeholders receive communication about the District	iteracy	cy." It	inclu mes,	des s chan	ces o	f achi		goal	great	_	 •	actice		
Comprehensive Literacy Plan and student progress on the district's goals within that plan on a regular basis.			- 18-										3	
2. The message that the principal's primary responsibility is to be an instructional leader is communicated to all staff, the school board, parents, and community.														
3. The superintendent communicates regularly with all district leaders (i.e., Curriculum Director, Special Education Director, Title Director, ELL Director), principals, teachers, staff, and stakeholders in order to sustain the vision, beliefs, expectations, goals, and commitments for literacy success.														
 4. The commitment to data-based decision making is modeled by a) Addressing data regularly at meetings with school leadership b) Identifying successes and targets for improvement c) Leading discussions on how targets will be addressed and 														

Rationale: Hiring, assigning, supervising, supporting, and evaluating staff all impact the quality of instruction. In order to reach district goals, all factors that

(E) Personnel practices are aligned with and support improved literacy outcomes.

resources will be allocated to support these targets.

	5. Schools are assisted with writin	ng yearly school-based reports on for parents, the school board, and	В	irth –	- Age	5	E	leme	entary	1		Mid	ldle			Hi	gh	
	others.	for parents, the school board, and																
	· ·	lifference in student performance are nned to celebrate literacy success.																
		Score		/1	.02			/1	02			/1	02			/1	02	
Evi	dence and Notes																	
Priority Areas	s for Needed Improvement																	
			Birth – Age 5 Elementary							Mid	ldle			Hi	gh			
			Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)
VI. Transition	experience academic excellence	ddressed in the district. The primary go and a strong sense of well-being. inuous process, transition planning is im				_	_						its ha	ve op	port	unitie	es to	
		nmittee (Birth - Grade 12) comprised are best able to meet the needs of the	В	irth –	- Age	5	E	leme	entary	/		Mid	ldle			Hi	gh	
	2. The district has documented in	edictors are used in order to develop																

	3. The district is represented on the	ne county LEARN teams	Birth – Age 5			5	ı	leme	ntary	М	iddle			Hi	gh	
	3. The district is represented on the	le county LEARN teams.														
		a comprehensive transition plan, in colla reater understanding of the needs and o										ll buil	d pos	sitive		
	1. A district transition plan Birth-		В	irth –	- Age	5	i	leme	ntary	М	iddle			Hi	gh	
	includes a timeline, goals, and	responsibilities for implementation.														
	2. Transition goals are identified i	n the district improvement plan.														
		that includes questions and the effectiveness of evaluating ents and a tool to monitor and improve														
	the transition process.	ents and a tool to monitor and improve														
	4. The district has developed tool transition process.	s to monitor and improve the														
	5. Financial support is in place to planning for students and fami															
	6. A variety of professional learni staff to ensure successful trans	ng is offered in order to help prepare sitions for students.														
		Score		/2	27			/2	7		/27			/2	27	
Evi	dence and Notes															
Priority Areas	s for Needed Improvement															

		В	irth -	- Age	5	E	leme	entary	у		Mic	ldle			Hi	gh	
		Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)	Area of Strength (3)	In Place (2)	Emerging (1)	Not in Place (0)
	(A) The LEA has strong partnerships within the community that support "processes by which all stakeholders (e.g. parents, care-takers, educator facilitate that learning in a coherent and consistent manner" (The State C Rationale: Shared responsibility for literacy learning among families, community (The State Comprehensive Literacy Plan; Pennsylvania Keystones to Opport	r s, co C <i>omp</i> nunit	mmu reher cy, and	nity n <i>isive</i> d edu	nemk <i>Litero</i> Icatio	oers, e acy Pl nal pr	etc.) i an; P rofess	involv ennsy	ved ir ylvan	stud ia Ke	lents' yston	litera es to	acy le	earnir ortun	ng car ity, p	n . 2)	
VII.	 The district coordinates with community educational resources (e.g. intermediate unit, early childcare providers, family literacy programs, higher education) to ensure comprehensive, non- duplicative, and aligned educational services. 	В	irth -	- Age	5	E	leme	entary	y		Mid	ldle			Hig	gh	
Partnerships	2. The district has an advisory committee that engages educational community partners (parents, teachers, administrators, adult education providers, early childhood education providers, family literacy providers, and students) in planning, implementing, and evaluating the comprehensive and integrated literacy services.																
	3. The district has additional non-educational community partners that support families including libraries, health services, social services, businesses and industry.																
	4. The district participates in community awareness activities to inform the public of the need for literacy education for children birth to grade 12.																
	5. The district is well represented in community activities and committees to expand awareness of the need for a comprehensive and integrated literacy program for children birth-grade 12.	В	irth –	- Age	5	E	leme	entary	y		Mid	ldle			Hi	gh	
	6. The district has established partnerships across the disciplines to ensure that reading and writing are taught within the contexts of the content specific curricula. Research indicates that literacy is enhanced when reading and writing are integrated in context (Writing to Read, Carnegie Corporation, NY, 2010).																

		Score	/18	/18	/18	/18
Ev	vidence and Notes					
Priority Area	as for Needed Improvement					

No	eeds Assessment Proc	edural Data Total S	coring		
	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High	Total by Component
I. Standards and Curriculum	/24	/24	/24	/24	/96
	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High	
II. Assessments	/48	/48	/48	/48	/192
	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High	
III. Instruction	/54	/54	/54	/54	/216
	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High	
IV. Professional Learning and Practice	/30	/30	/30	/30	/120
	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High	
V. Literacy Leadership, Goals, and Sustainability	/102	/102	/102	/102	/408
	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High	
VI. Transition	/27	/27	/27	/27	/108
	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High	
VII. Partnerships	/18	/18	/18	/18	/72
	Birth – Age 5	Elementary	Middle	High	
TOTAL by Statutory Area	/303	/303	/303	/303	

Procedural Data Needs Assessment Priority Areas for Improvement

1. Based on this Procedural Data Needs Assessment, how would your team prioritize your needs within each of the Statutory Funding Areas?

	Birth to Age 5	Elementary School	Middle School	High School
Priority #1				
Priority #2				
Priority #3				
Priority #4				

2. Based on this Needs Assessment, how would your team prioritize your needs within each of the Key Components of the PA Comprehensive Literacy Plan?

	Standards and Curriculum	Assessments	Instruction	Professional Learning	Literacy	Transitions	Partnerships
Priority #1							
Priority #2							
Priority #3							
Priority #4							

Student Achievement Data Needs Assessment in Reading

3. Team Analysis of District PSSA and Literature Keystone Exam scores.

The following tables provide state averages for PSSA and Literature Keystone Exam Results by Grade Level. Individual teams may want to review these data at the district and school levels. It is also suggested that districts use the School Performance Profile (http://paschoolperformance.org/) in looking at each school's data.

2013-2014 Report Card	District % Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 3	PA Average Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 3	District % Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 4	PA Average Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 4
All Students		70.3%		68.6%
Students with IEP		36.7%		32.6%
English Language Learners		26.0%		17.5%
Economically Disadvantaged		54.8%		52.6%

2013-2014 Report Card	District % Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 5	PA Average Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 5	District % Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 6	PA Average Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 6
All Students		60.5%		64.6%
Students with IEP		23.3%		24.0%
English Language Learners		8.1%		9.0%
Economically Disadvantaged		41.8%		47.3%

2013-2014 Report Card	District % Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 7	PA Average Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 7	District % Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 8	PA Average Proficient and Above in Reading Grade 8
All Students		72.1%		79.6%
Students with IEP		29.2%		39.6%
English Language Learners		14.4%		23.8%
Economically Disadvantaged		56.5%		66.2%

2013-2014 Report Card	District % Proficient and Above in the Literature Keystone Exam	PA Average Proficient and Above in the Literature Keystone Exam.
All Students		45.5%
Students with IEP		17.4%
English Language Learners		11.2%
Economically Disadvantaged		33.7%

Based upon team analysis of LEA AYP Report Card, please identify Priority Schools/Programs for Literacy Improvement as well as Priority Grades for Literacy Improvement.

Priority Schools/ Programs for Literacy Improvement	Priority Grades for Literacy Improvement

4. Team Analysis of PVAAS Projections

Please download the **2014 District (Grade Spans) Projection Summary** report for all students, LLP students, IEP students and Economically Disadvantaged students from https://pvaas.sas.com/evaas/signin.jsf.

Discussion Questions: Respond to each question district wide for each grade span, as well as for Educationally Disadvantaged, English Language Learners, and Students with Individual Educational Plans.

- How many students have between a 70-100% probability of scoring proficient or above on a future PSSA?
- How many students have between a 40-70% probability of scoring proficient or above on a future PSSA?
- How many students have between a 0-40% probability of scoring proficient or above on a future PSSA?

For the following question, go to https://pvaas.sas.com/evaas/signin.jsf. Select **Visit Public Site.** Select **New Scatterplot**. Select your district. Select **Reading**.

- In which PVAAS growth quadrant does your district fall? In which quadrant does each of the schools in your district fall?
- Indicate the position of your district AND schools across grades 4-8 AND 9-11 by including the name of the district and schools with the PVAAS Growth Index and PSSA %Prof/Advanced in parentheses.

Example: Happy Brook Elementary (4.2, 65)

Higher % Proficient /Advanced Lower Growth	Higher % Proficient / Advanced Higher Growth
Lower % Proficient / Advanced Lower Growth	Lower % Proficient / Advanced Higher Growth

Based on these data, please identify the schools that are demonstrating higher growth in reading, and subsequently appear to have the greatest capacity for improvement:

Priority #1	Lower % Proficient/Advanced Higher Growth	Schools:
Priority #2	Higher % Proficient/Advanced Higher Growth	Schools:

Demographic Data Needs Assessment

5. Analysis of District and School Demographic Data [Insert Link to PIMS Report]

		District/School Total Enrollment	% Free and Reduced Lunch	English Languge Learners	Students with an IEP
	State of PA	1,765,660	38.41%	2.66%	14.28%
District					
School					

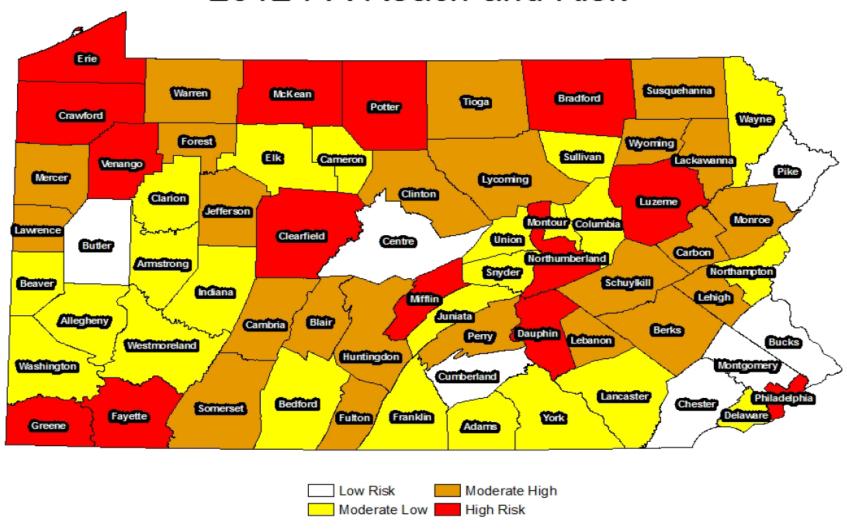
From a demographic standpoint, which of your schools has the greatest need based on free and reduced lunch rate, English language learners, and students with Individual Educational Plans?

Priority School #1	
Priority School #2	
Priority School #3	
Priority School #4	
Priority School #5	
Priority School #6	
Priority School #7	
Priority School #8	
Priority School #9	

6. Team Analysis of Reach and Risk Data http://www.pakeys.org/uploadedContent/Docs/ELinPA/2010ReachRisk Feb11.pdf

Mapped below are the commonwealth's 67 counties and Average Risk Level (ARL) for each, based on the FY 2009-2010 analysis. The risk data shows that the ARL has changed for several counties between 2006-2007 and 2009-2010. In fact, seven have increased in risk level while 14 decreased in risk level. Overall, risk across the state remains high in the very urban and very rural areas.

County Risk Level 2012 PA Reach and Risk



Percentage of children under age five affected by select risk factors. County information is available at http://www.pakevs.org/uploadedContent/Docs/ELinPA/county%20merge%2010-26-10.pdf

Risk Factors	% in LEA County	% in Pennsylvania
Living in economically at-risk families, up to 300% of poverty		58.4%
Births to mothers without early prenatal care		20.4%
Births to mothers with less than a high school diploma		15.8%

Percentage of children under age five served in early education programs:

	% in LEA County	% in Pennsylvania
Child Care Works		11.4%
Early Intervention		11.4%
Head Start Supplemental Assistance		4.6%
PA Pre-K Counts		3.8%
Federal and State Head Start		4.9%
Pre-kindergarten funded PA PACT		.5%
(formerly ABG)		
Keystone Stars		14.7%
School-based Pre-kindergarten		2.4%
Nurse-Family Partnership		1.1%
All publicly-funded quality early		36%
education programs		

Based on the Reach and Risk data for your County, what are the priority areas for Early Childhood Education Improvement?

Priority #1	
Priority #2	
Priority #3	
Priority #4	

Locally Relevant Data (Including Perceptual Data)

Education program's priority literacy needs.	

Please use this space to list and/or discuss locally relevant data, including perceptual data, which help to shed light on the LEA and Early Childhood

Bringing It All Together: A Team Synthesis of Literacy Needs

7. Highest Priority Areas for Literacy Improvement in District-wide or Targeted Schools/Programs. These are the items that will, most likely, become your goals and objectives.

Your team has determined literacy priorities based on procedural data, student achievement data, demographic data, and locally relevant data. This information must now be synthesized into the highest priority areas for literacy improvement that your team would like to focus on. Please enter as many as your team determines feasible and be as specific as possible.

Literacy Priority #2	
Literacy Priority #3	
Literacy Priority #4	
Literacy Priority #5	
Literacy Priority #6	
Literacy Priority #7	
Please describe your	· Team's rationale for selecting these priorities.
Please describe your	Team's rationale for selecting these priorities.
Please describe your	Team's rationale for selecting these priorities.
Please describe your	Team's rationale for selecting these priorities.
Please describe your	Team's rationale for selecting these priorities.

Certification of Participation for Planning Team Members

By signing this document, I certify that I have participated fully this LEA's Literacy Needs Assessment Planning Team. I understand, and agree for the most part, with the priorities that have been identified both within each section of the Needs Assessment and overall on pages 30 and 31.

Name (printed)	Signature	Date